

#### Santa Cruz Harbor

(831) 475-6161 or scpd@santacruzharbor.org www.santacruzharbor.org

## California Department of Fish and Wildlife

For more information: www.wildlife.ca.gov

For boundaries and regulations, go to: www.dfg.ca.gov/marine/MPA

Help stop poaching & polluting, call: 1-888-334-CALTIP (1-888-334-2258)

Report lost fishing gear: 1-888-491-GEAR (4237) or www.lostfishinggear.org

This publication is available in alternate formats by contacting Monterey Bay Sanctuary Foundation: 831-647-4209 or info@mbnmsf.org

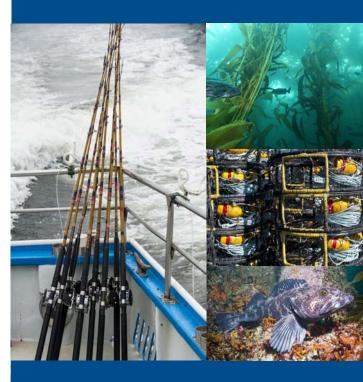




Cover: left & center right (Bart Selby); top & bottom right (Chad King)

# A Guide to Fishing and Marine Protected Areas

## **Santa Cruz Harbor**



Año Nuevo State Marine Conservation Area Greyhound Rock State Marine Conservation Area Natural Bridges State Marine Reserve Elkhorn Slough State Marine Conservation Area Elkhorn Slough State Marine Reserve Moro Cojo Slough State Marine Reserve Soquel Canyon State Marine Conservation Area Portuguese Ledge State Marine Conservation Area



## Fishing and California's Marine Protected Areas



#### What are Marine Protected Areas?

Marine protected areas (MPAs) are special designated underwater areas, similar to the nation's parks, forests and wilderness areas on land, that prohibit or limit the take of marine life.

#### Why does California need MPAs?

MPAs are proven tools for protecting, enhancing and restoring marine life. MPAs foster healthy habitats and natural diversity, safeguarding the ocean's bounty for the economic and recreational opportunities of future generations.

### **How many MPAs are in California?**

California was the first state in the nation to establish a statewide network of MPAs. There are now 124 MPAs from the border of Oregon down to Mexico. These MPAs protect a variety of key habitats and link protected areas along the coast.

#### Photo credit: top left (Tressa Bronner); top right (NOAA/NOS); middle center (Bart Selby)



kelp bass (Steve Lonhart)



black rockfish (Chad King)

### Is Fishing Allowed in MPAs?

Fishing and the take of marine life such as shellfish or seaweed is not allowed in about half of California's marine protected areas. An inset map of local MPAs with their regulations is provided in this brochure.



### Is Anchoring Allowed in MPAs?

Boats are allowed to anchor in an MPA with catch onboard unless otherwise specified in the MPA regulations. However, fishing gear may not be deployed when anchored in a no-take state marine reserve. For additional information, scan the barcode on the right to visit the California Department of Fish and Wildlife's website.



kayaking (Claire Fackler)



copper rockfish (Chad King)

#### **MPAs & Fishing Regulations**



Scan the OR code to the left with your smartphone or other internet enabled device to visit the California Dept. of Fish and Wildlife's MPA mobile website.

The website allows you to search for information about MPA boundaries and regulations. You can also use your GPS location to locate the closest MPA(s) and determine whether or not you are currently in an MPA.

#### **Go Fishing**

Recreational & Commercial Fishing Information:

phone: 831-649-2870

website: www.dfg.ca.gov/marine/fishing

Recreational Groundfish "hotline" 831-649-2801 Recreational Salmon "hotline" 707-576-3429



crab pots (Bart Selby)



dungeness crab (Bart Selby)

#### **California Marine Protected Areas**

The California statewide MPA network includes four different types of MPAs that vary in their purposes and level of protection, ranging from limited to no-take. The MPA designations are:

State Marine Reserves (SMR):

No damage or take of living, geologic, or cultural marine resources is allowed.

State Marine Parks (SMP):

No commercial take of resources is allowed, but some recreational take may be allowed (restrictions vary).

State Marine Conservation Areas (SMCA):

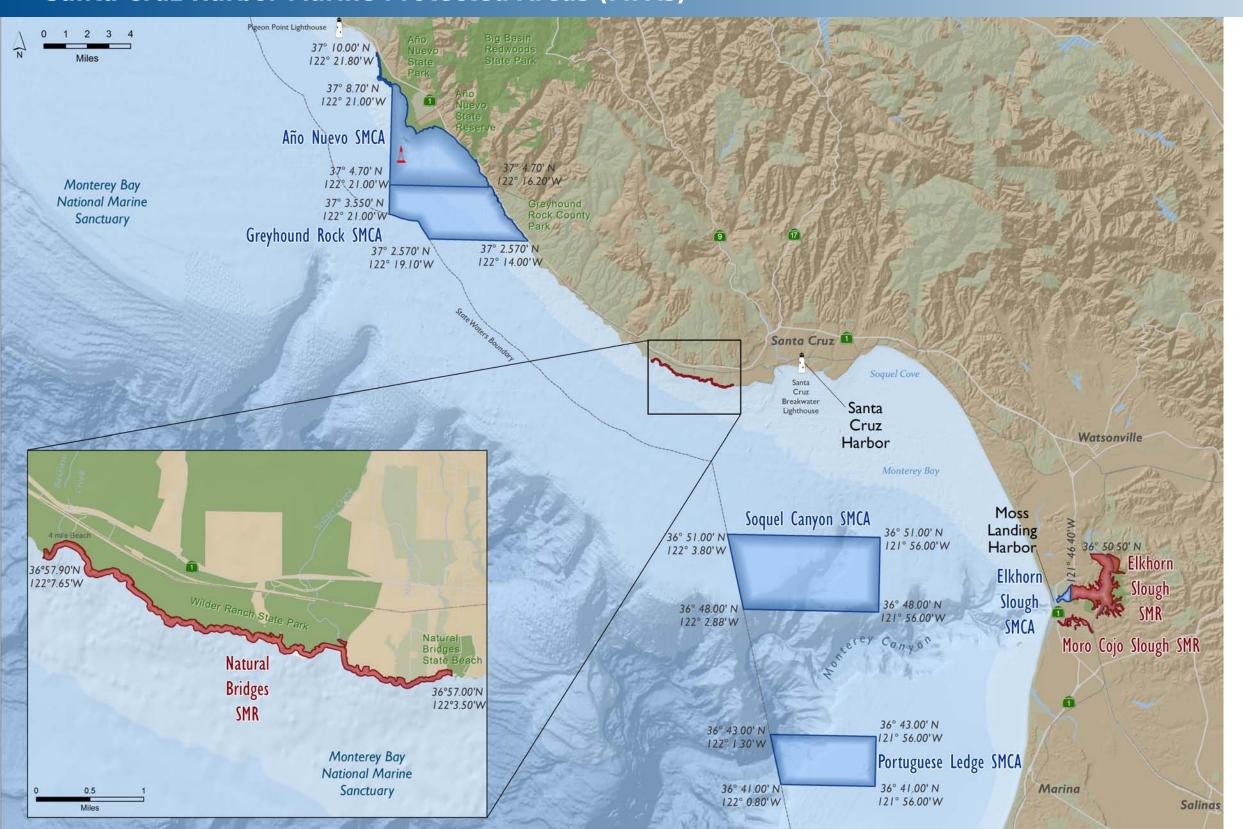
Some recreational and/or commercial take of marine resources may be allowed (restrictions vary).

State Marine Recreational Management Areas (SMRMA):

Restricts the take of living marine resources while allowing for waterfowl hunting to occur (restrictions vary).

black rockfish (Steve Lonhart)

## Santa Cruz Harbor Marine Protected Areas (MPAs)



#### Santa Cruz Harbor MPAs

MPA	Allowed Uses
Natural Bridges, Moro Cojo and Elkhorn Slough SMRs	Take of all living marine resources is prohibited.
Take of all living marine resources is prohibited EXCEPT:	
Año Nuevo SMCA	Commercial take of giant kelp by hand.
Greyhound Rock SMCA	Recreational and commercial take of salmon, squid and giant kelp by hand. Recreational take of finfish by hook and line from shore only.
Elkhorn Slough SMCA	Recreational take of clams on north shore of slough near the Moss Landing Wildlife Area only and fishing by hook and line.
Soquel Canyon & Portuguese Ledge SMCAs	Recreational and commercial take of pelagic finfish.

#### Regulations

This document does not replace the official regulatory language found in the California Code of Regulations Title 14, Section 632.

- A fishing license is required for any fishing.
- All existing take regulations still apply in addition to the ones listed above.
- Unless otherwise stated, all non-consumptive recreational activities are allowed.
- "Take" means to hunt, pursue, catch, capture or kill fish, mollusks, or crustaceans, or attempting to do so.